



SEMEEL

SECRETARIA MUNICIPAL DE EDUCAÇÃO, ESPORTE E LAZER

A mudança está em nossas mãos

Atividades Orientadoras



9º ano

Ensino Fundamental

UNIDADE ESCOLAR:

PROFESSOR(A)

ANO DE ESCOLARIDADE

9º Ano

DATA

NOME:

HOJE É?

SEGUNDA

TERÇA

QUARTA

QUINTA

SEXTA

CÓDIGO BNCC

EF09LI15

LÍNGUA INGLESA

First conditional

A primeira condição, ou "first conditional" em inglês, é uma estrutura gramatical usada para falar sobre situações futuras possíveis e suas consequências prováveis. É frequentemente utilizada para expressar uma relação causa-efeito que é bastante provável de acontecer. Aqui está uma explicação detalhada:

1. Formação:

- **If clause (cláusula condicional):** Começa com "if" (se) + presente simples.
- **Main clause (cláusula principal):** Vem depois da "if clause" e geralmente contém "will" (vai) + verbo no infinitivo sem "to".

2. Exemplo:

- If it rains tomorrow, I will stay at home. (Se chover amanhã, eu ficarei em casa.)

3. Uso:

- Expressa uma situação futura possível e sua consequência provável.
- A situação na "if clause" é vista como possível ou provável de acontecer.
- A consequência na "main clause" é vista como o resultado dessa situação.

4. Outros verbos modais:

- Além de "will", outros verbos modais como "can", "might", "may" também podem ser usados na "main clause" para expressar diferentes graus de certeza ou possibilidade.

5. Exemplos adicionais:

- If you study hard, you Will pass the exam. (Se você estudar bastante, você passará na prova.)

- If he misses the bus, he will be late for work. (Se ele perder o ônibus, ele vai se atrasar para o trabalho.)

Aqui estão alguns usos comuns:

Previsões baseadas em condições atuais:

- If the weather stays sunny, we'll have a picnic tomorrow. (Se o tempo continuar ensolarado, faremos um piquenique amanhã.)
- If sales increase this quarter, the company will expand its operations. (Se as vendas aumentarem neste trimestre, a empresa expandirá suas operações.)

Ações futuras dependendo de ações presentes:

- If you finish your homework early, you can go out with your friends. (Se você terminar seus deveres de casa cedo, poderá sair com seus amigos.)
- If you water the plants regularly, they will thrive. (Se você regar as plantas regularmente, elas vão prosperar.)

Conselhos e sugestões:

- If you want to lose weight, you should exercise regularly. (Se você quer perder peso, deve fazer exercícios regularmente.)
- If you want to improve your English, you could practice speaking every day. (Se você quer melhorar seu inglês, poderia praticar falar todos os dias.)

Ofertas e convites condicionais:

- If you come to my party, you'll meet a lot of interesting people. (Se você vier à minha festa, conhecerá muitas pessoas interessantes.)
- If you need any help, just let me know, and I'll assist you. (Se você precisar de ajuda é só me avisar e eu vou te ajudar.)

Exercício 1: Complete as frases:

1. If you _____ (study) hard, you _____ (pass) the exam.
2. If it _____ (rain) tomorrow, we _____ (stay) at home.
3. If he _____ (miss) the bus, he _____ (be) late for work.
4. If Sarah _____ (call) me tonight, I _____ (tell) her about the party.
5. If you _____ (need) help, I _____ (be) there for you.

Exercício 2: Escolha a melhor opção:

1. If he _____ (study / studies / studied) tonight, he _____ (will pass / passed / pass) the test tomorrow.
2. If it _____ (rains / rain / raining) tomorrow, we _____ (will stay / stayed / stays) indoors.
3. If you _____ (ask / asking / asked) nicely, she _____ (will help / helps / helped) you.
4. If they _____ (arrive / arriving / arrives) on time, we _____ (will start / starting / starts) the meeting.
5. If she _____ (leave / leaves / leaving) now, she _____ (will catch / catches / caught) the train.
6. If she _____ (doesn't finish / not finish / not finishing) her work on time, she _____ (will get / gets / got) in trouble.
7. If we _____ (leave / left / leaves) early, we _____ (will arrive / arrive / arriving) on time.
8. If you _____ (don't listen / not listen / not listening) carefully, you _____ (will misunderstand / misunderstands / misunderstood) the instructions.
9. If they _____ (don't come / not come / not coming) to the meeting, we _____ (will start / starts / starting) without them.
10. If it _____ (doesn't stop / not stop / not stopping) raining, we _____ (will cancel / cancels / cancel) the outdoor event.

Exercício 3: Texto.

If you study hard, you will succeed in your exams. Education is the key to unlocking many opportunities in life. However, if you don't put in the effort, you may struggle to achieve your goals. It's important to stay motivated and disciplined, even when faced with challenges. Remember, every obstacle is an opportunity to grow and learn.

Questões de Interpretação:

1. Qual é a mensagem principal do texto?

2. Qual é a importância do estudo, de acordo com o texto?

3. Por que é enfatizada a necessidade de esforço e disciplina?

4. Como o texto encara os obstáculos?

5. Você concorda com a mensagem do texto? Por quê?



First Conditional expresses true or very probable situation in the present or future.

If + **Present Simple**, **Future Simple**

Imperative

can/may/might/

must/should

+ bare infinitive

If it **is** sunny, we **will go** to the beach.

If you **need** help, **ask** me.

If you **do** your homework, you **can go** out.

If you **go** hiking, you **must wear** hiking boots.

Second Conditional expresses untrue or improbable situations in the present or future.

If + **Past Simple**, **would/could/**

might

+ bare infinitive

If I **had** more free time, I **would take up** gardening.

If I **won** a lot of money in a lottery, I **might give** some to charity.

Third Conditional expresses unreal, impossible situations in the past.

If + **Past Perfect, would have**

+ past participle

If I **had seen** Robert, I **would have talked** to him.

Exercício 1: Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs.

1. If Dave _____ (not, invite) me to his birthday party, I would feel disappointed.
2. If I hadn't got up earlier, I _____ (miss) my flight to Vienna.
3. We _____ (stay) at home if it snows tomorrow.
4. If we _____ (earn) enough money, we'll buy a new hi-fi system.
5. What would you do if you _____ (get) lost in a forest at night?
6. Kevin wouldn't have moved to Britain if he _____ (find) a decent job here.
7. If I knew Diana's address, I _____ (send) her a valentine card.
8. What _____ (Jane, do) if she fails the university entrance examination?
9. If John's parents _____ (know) French, they could help him with his project.
10. If Finn _____ (apologize) to me, I would have forgiven him.
11. My cousin would play video games all day long if his parents _____ (allow) him to.
12. If Emma _____ (not, feel) better tomorrow, she should see a doctor.
13. Who _____ (you, choose) if you could take one friend to go to Disneyland with you?
14. Kate _____ (call) you if she had known you were ill.
15. If you _____ (be) cold, you can put on warm socks and a bathrobe.
16. James would buy his wife a BMW if he _____ (be) richer.
17. If Barbara and Paul _____ (spend) more time together their marriage would have lasted longer.
18. My parents _____ (buy) me a new MP3 player if I pass my final exams.
19. If my team _____ (lose) the match, we will fall to the second division.
20. If the concert _____ (finish) earlier, I would have taken the 10.30 bus.
21. If I had listened to you, I (not get) into trouble.
22. Unless she (find) a job, she'll be forced to live with her parents.
23. I (ask) her out if I were you.
24. He (go) bungee jumping if he weren't afraid of heights. But he didn't dare.
25. We'll go hiking if the weather (be) good.
26. If she feels depressed, she (eat) lots of comfort food.
27. I would make a lasagne if I (be) a good cook. Unfortunately, all my culinary attempts fail.
28. If I were rich, I (buy) that designer dress which I saw yesterday.

Reading Comprehension

Text 1:

Sarah was preparing for her big trip to Europe. She was very excited but also a bit worried about all the preparations needed. She made a list of everything she needed to pack and all the documents she had to organize.

"If I forget my passport, I won't be able to board the plane," Sarah thought. She checked her suitcase again to make sure everything was there. "If I get to the airport early, I'll have time to relax before the flight."

On the day of the flight, Sarah woke up early. "If I don't wake up on time, I might miss the flight," she told herself as she set the alarm the night before. Fortunately, everything went as planned. She took a taxi to the airport and arrived with plenty of time.

While waiting at the boarding gate, Sarah thought, "If I had forgotten something important, I could buy it at the airport, but it's always better to be prepared."

When she finally boarded the plane, she sighed with relief. "If everything goes well, I'll be in Paris in a few hours," she thought, excited for the adventure that was about to begin.

Questions

1. What is the consequence mentioned if Sarah forgets her passport?

- A. She will have to buy another passport.
- B. She won't be able to board the plane.
- C. She will arrive late at the airport.

2. What does Sarah plan to do if she gets to the airport early?

- A. She plans to go shopping at the airport.
- B. She plans to relax before the flight.
- C. She plans to check her suitcase again.

3. What preventive measure did Sarah take the night before the flight?

- A. She set her alarm to wake up on time.
- B. She checked her documents one more time.
- C. She made a list of items to pack for the trip.

4. What does Sarah think she could do if she forgot something important?

- A. She could ask someone to bring it to her.
- B. She could buy it at the airport.
- C. She could go back home to get it.

Texto 2:

Tom was excited about his new job. He had been preparing for weeks and wanted everything to go perfectly. He knew that first impressions were important.

"If I arrive early, I will have time to view my notes," he thought. Tom set two alarms to make sure he woke up on time. "If one alarm fails, the other will wake me up," he told himself.

The next morning, Tom woke up on time, got dressed in his best suit, and had a quick breakfast. "If I eat a good breakfast, I will have enough energy for the day," he thought. He left the house and headed to the bus stop.

When Tom arrived at the bus stop, he saw that the bus was late. "If the bus doesn't come soon, I will be late for my first day," he worried. After a few anxious minutes, the bus finally arrived. Tom got on and found a seat.

While on the bus, he thought about his plans. "If I perform well today, I will make a good impression on my boss," he thought. When he arrived at the office, he was relieved to find he was still on time.

Tom spent the day working hard and learning about his new role. "If I continue to work hard, I will succeed in this job," he thought to himself.

Questions:

1. What will Tom do if He arrives early?

- A. He will go for a walk.
- B. He will review his notes.
- C. He will eat breakfast.

2. Why did Tom set two alarms?

- A. To wake up his roommate.
- B. Because he likes the sound of alarms.
- C. To ensure he wakes up on time even if one fails.

3. What did Tom think about eating a good breakfast?

- A. It will give him enough energy for the day.
- B. It will make him sleepy.
- C. It is a waste of time.

4. What was Tom worried about at the bus stop?

- A. Missing his favorite show.
- B. Being late for his first day.
- C. Meeting his friends.